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WOMEN URGE THAT BEASTS FACE CHARGES

THOSE GUILTY OF OUTRAGES IN BELGIUM AND FRANCE TO BE TRIED FOR CRIMES

FULL SENTENCES ARE ASKED

Thousands of Cases Prepared, Pending Action of Peace Conference. American Women Interested

Washington, Jan. 11.—Women of the whole civilized world will demand, from the peace table at Versailles, that all Germans—officers or men—guilty of outrages upon the women of Belgium and France, be tried for their crimes as civilians. They will demand as a right of womanhood that full sentences be imposed and the sentences executed just as if the crimes had been committed in peace times by civilians. Above all, the women will demand that no diminution of the penalties be permitted because of war and the old excuse of necessary excesses of the military during the barbarisms of war.

Thousands of cases have been prepared in detail pending the action of the peace conference. If the plan succeeds, one of the terms of final peace for Germany and Austria and Turkey and Bulgaria will be the turning over to the allies of offenders in these cases and they will be extradited to the scenes of the crimes. There they will be tried and their punishment will mark a new progress in civilization and the protection of the women and children of the world.

Petitions—thousands of them—are being signed now in Washington, New York and other cities of the United States.

SMALL ERROR CAUSES DISASTER TO PEDDLER

News of a new wrinkle being worked by professional bootleggers was brought to Medford by Special Agent Rodgers of the Southern Pacific railroad, says the Medford Tribune. As a result the police of Medford and most other Oregon cities will be suspicious of all men wearing big raincoats or overcoats hereafter.

Last Tuesday a bootlegger from Hornbrook arrived in Roseburg with 24 bottles of whiskey fitted in pockets of a large belt worn around his waist outside his undercoat. The belt and contents were concealed by his large overcoat.

The man was just beginning to do a good business when in putting one of the bottles back into the belt hurriedly as an officer turned the corner, he put it in upside down. In a second or so liquor from the bottle leaked out and ran down the outside of his trousers. The sight and smell of the flowing booze attracted the attention of the officer who searched the suspected man and discovered the loaded belt still containing 19 half pint bottles of whiskey. The bootlegger was arrested.

WILSON ASKS WAR BOARD FOR ACTION

Washington, Jan. 11.—President Wilson cabled a request to the war labor board to again take up the case of the marine workers' strike in New York and proceed to make a finding. The marine workers' officers says they are ready to abide by the board's ruling.

VON MACH ACCUSES BRITISH GOV'T.

Denies German Propaganda and Says English Started Propaganda Against President Wilson

Washington, Jan. 11.—Edmund Von March, former Harvard professor, testifying before the senate committee investigating German propaganda, denied pro-German activities and asserted that the British government had started a propaganda against President Wilson's advocacy of a league of nations.

"A definite campaign is on foot to keep the president from keeping the word he has pledged that war must be impossible and that nations must be just," he said. "It is not the English people, but the English government, that is behind the movement."

Von March declared also that British secret service agents were ready to strangle him for his attitude against British propaganda.

PROCLAMATION

Beginning today a rigid quarantine will go into effect on influenza. This means that all those in the homes must stay in and those outside must stay out until quarantine is released by the attending physician or the city health officer. Physicians will be required to make daily reports of influenza cases to the city health officer and these places will be immediately quarantined by the police officer.

Failure to conform to the above quarantine regulations will subject parties to a fine of not exceeding \$100. Homes not supplied with telephones will be visited daily by regular or special police officers to see that the needs of the inmates are supplied. Children from homes having been quarantined will only be admitted to the schools upon certificate of City Health Officer Cora B. McLane who resides at 403 H street.

The schools will not close and regular church services may be held, also necessary meetings for the transaction of business. Social gatherings, card parties and dances will not be permitted until further notice. This also applies to card playing in pool halls, card rooms and other places. It is the duty of all citizens to report to the city health officer any case of influenza coming to their knowledge not being attended by a physician or any breaking of quarantine regulations known to them. A proper spirit of cooperation is requested by the city authorities to obviate more drastic measures being taken.

Notice is given also that the city ordinance covering spitting on sidewalks and in public buildings will be rigidly enforced.

C. H. DEMARAY, Mayor.

SURRENDER OF GERMAN FLEET NOTHING NEW

London, Jan. 11.—The Bishop of Durham has found an historical precedent for the surrender of the German fleet in the pages of Livy. That ancient chronicler tells how, as an article of the peace agreement which ended the second Punic war, Carthage had to surrender to Rome the whole of her battle fleet.

Rome, the article points out, was the great military power and Carthage was the great naval power of antiquity, just as Germany and England in modern times. Rome beat Carthage—the soldier beat the sailor. In the conflict Rome revealed an extraordinary adaptability for naval warfare, and Carthage grave internal weakness.

GOVERNMENT FORCES HOLD HUN CAPITAL

DR. KARL LIEBKNECHT, SPARTACAN LEADER, REPORTED KILLED IN FIGHTING

LOYAL TROOPS ARE REINFORCED

Independent Socialists and Spartacus Group Hold Outer Parts of City. Riots Spreading

London, Jan. 11.—Dr. Karl Liebknecht, Spartacan leader, was killed during the street fighting Thursday evening, according to a Copenhagen dispatch. Other dispatches filed later make no mention of Liebknecht's death.

The government forces control the situation in Berlin, so far as the center of the city is concerned, and it is yet unknown whether the Spartacans have been cleared from the outlying districts. Volunteers are reinforcing the loyal troops.

Copenhagen, Jan. 11.—There was serious rioting Friday in Hamburg, Dresden, Augsburg and Dusseldorf.

STRIKE ENDS IN BLOODY RIOT IN BUENOS AYRES

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 11.—Seventy-two persons were killed, 81 gravely wounded and over 800 slightly injured in a fight resulting from the general strike. The congressional palace was the scene of hot fighting.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 11.—At 11 o'clock last night battles between strikers and police were raging in all parts of the city. There was a particularly sharp conflict in front of the postoffice. If the fighting spreads in this district it probably will be necessary to close the cable offices.

Several attempts were made to capture the first district police station, one block from the American consulate. It is impossible at this time to make any calculation of the number of casualties.

ROOSEVELT LEAVES \$60,000 TO CHILDREN

Mineola, Jan. 11.—Theodore Roosevelt's will divides a trust fund of \$60,000 into equal shares for each of his children, bequeaths the wedding presents given at his first wife's marriage to his daughter, Alice, and the residue of the estate to executors in trust. The income is to go to Mrs. Roosevelt, who shall dispose of the principal to the children as she wishes.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS OUT AFTER RED PROPAGANDISTS

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Denunciation of Bolshevism and insidious socialist doctrines marked numerous addresses today at the meeting of the Republican National committee here, several speakers declaring that the election of a republican president is all that can save the country from evil days in the future.

With women sitting in the councils of the party for the first time in its history the day was a veritable love feast at which plans were laid and campaign strategy discussed. Chairman Will H. Hays established a precedent by delivering a short prayer before he called the meeting to order.

WILSON NAMES HINES AS NEW R. R. DIRECTOR

STEPS FROM ASSISTANT DIRECTOR'S PLACE BY RECOMMENDATION OF McADOO

FAVORS FIVE YEAR OWNERSHIP

Wants Immediate Action by Congress—Salary Not Named—McAdoo Received Nothing

Washington, Jan. 11.—Walter D. Hines, assistant director general of railroads, has been appointed director general by President Wilson, on Director McAdoo's recommendation. Mr. Hines advocates McAdoo's plan for a five-year continuation of government control, but if congress does not enact new railroad legislation at an early date he favors returning the roads immediately to private management.

Mr. Hines' salary has not been determined by the president. Director McAdoo received nothing.

RICKENBACKER IS ACE OF ACES AMONG YANKS

Washington, Jan. 11.—Captain Edward V. Rickenbacker of Columbus, Ohio, famous as an automobile driver, was the premier "ace" of the American air forces in France, having 26 enemy planes to his credit. An official report received today at the war department showed that there were 63 "aces"—men downing five or more enemy machines—in the American army when the war ended.

POST OFFICE DEPT. SHIFTS BLAME TO ARMY

Washington, Jan. 11.—Blame for delays in transmission of mail to and from soldiers overseas was placed on the war department today by Second Assistant Postmaster General Praeger in testimony before the senate postoffice committee. Most of the trouble, he said, was due to "carelessness" on the part of military officials and the war department's failure to cooperate with the postal authorities.

"Thousands and probably millions of letters addressed to soldiers overseas which have accumulated and have not been delivered will arrive in New York within a few days," Mr. Praeger said, "and will be sent to the dead letter office, where an attempt will be made to return them to the writers."

Mr. Praeger said a report from a postoffice inspector in France said that "carloads and carloads" of mail in France have not been delivered. The witness was unable to recall the exact number, but said there were between eight and 10 carloads.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Ivar Saval-oj, of Kerry, Oregon, has been released from a German prison camp and has returned to France.

DEMobilIZATION FAR EXCEEDS ENGLAND'S

Washington, Jan. 11.—General March said today that the demobilization in America is proceeding twice as fast as it is in England, and that 693,889 Americans have been discharged, to 352,658 British.

General March said the American troops now scheduled for demobilization number 1,151,000, including 96,000 who actually have returned from overseas.

WILL ASK 6 MONTHS PAY FOR SOLDIERS

Reconstruction Convention Gives Soldiers First Consideration—Will Be Put Up to Congress

Portland, Jan. 11.—Most important of the many resolutions which will be presented to the state reconstruction convention now in session at the public auditorium is one memorializing congress to immediately provide for an allowance to each soldier, sailor and marine of \$50 for civilian clothes and one month's pay at the time of discharge, and an allowance of five months' pay to be paid monthly, and also transportation to the point of registration or to his home town, at the election of the discharged soldier, sailor or marine.

These resolutions were drafted by a committee appointed yesterday afternoon by Mayor Baker, chairman of the convention, consisting of City Commissioner Bigelow, J. M. Hawkins, of Albany; James D. Stewart, of Fossil, and Mayor Bell, of Hood River, after the attention of the convention had been called to the manner in which men in the service are being discharged without any funds to meet immediate wants.

CLEMENCEAU HONORED BY PEACE DELEGATES

Paris, Jan. 11.—Premier Clemenceau will be the permanent president of the inter-allied peace conference, as a mark of respect to the premier of the country where the conference is held.

SALEM COUNCIL CANNOT CLOSE THE LEGISLATURE

Salem, Ore., Jan. 11.—The city council, sitting as a board of health, at a meeting last night decided not to make any effort to interfere with the session of the legislature, which opens here Monday, but, owing to influenza conditions, a strict ban will be placed on crowds in the lobby at the state capitol.

VERSAILLES SCENE OF FRENCH HUMILIATION

Paris, Jan. 11.—Versailles, where the peace conference is to be held has tragic memories for France as the scene of her great humiliation when, on January 18, 1871, in the famous Galleries des Glaces, King William of Prussia was proclaimed German emperor. About five weeks later, the French envoys were forced to sign the preliminaries of the hard peace imposed upon France by Bismarck.

The Germans set an imposing stage for the first ceremony. Old King William, the Crown Prince Frederick, father of the last German emperor; Bismarck, Moltke and other Prussian generals and princes, assembled for a religious service. After the sermon was preached the king read a patent establishing the empire, and Bismarck followed with the proclamation, which concluded: "May God grant us and our successors ever to be increasers of the German empire, not by warlike conquests, but with the graces and gifts of peace for the national well being, for freedom and civilization."

Cheers for the new emperor were led by the Grand Duke of Baden.

It was at Mismarek's lodgings in the Rue de Provence, Versailles, that he negotiated the peace treaty preliminaries with the French representatives, Thiers and Favre. The French were compelled to agree to the surrender of Alsace and much of Lorraine, and to pay an indemnity of \$1,000,000,000, and to submit to a German entry into Paris and a German occupation of a large area in France.

SINKING SHIP SENDS URGENT CALL FOR HELP

CASTALIA, 65 MILES FROM CAN-SO, SAYS "CONDITION CRITICAL, DRIFTING EAST"

MAY BE AN AMERICAN VESSEL

Two Steamers Rushing to Assistance, But Nearest One Is 175 Miles Distant

Halifax, Nova Scotia, Jan. 11.—The steamship Castalia, reported by wireless this morning that she was sinking fast, 65 miles south of Can-so, and called for immediate assistance. The message also said: "Condition critical shape; drifting east."

The ship is believed to be the American steamer Castalia, 3,000 tons gross. There is also a British ship of the same name, 6,000 tons.

Two steamers are reported rushing to the assistance, one being 170 miles distant.

The Great Lakes steamer Castalia left Quebec a month ago for Halifax. To bring her through the canals from the Great Lakes she was cut in two sections and later refitted.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Shipping board officials said the Castalia had a crew of 45.

OFFERS TO INOCULATE LEGISLATIVE MEMBERS

Salem, Ore., Jan. 11.—Dr. Seeley, state health officer, today informed Secretary Olcott that the state health board will be prepared to inoculate members of the legislature against influenza, if they desire.

The board of control today tendered to Salem city authorities, and the local Red Cross, the use of the Salem hospital buildings as an emergency place to care for influenza sufferers.

CABINET MEMBERS PREFER "DOBBIN" TO "GAS WAGONS"

Washington, Jan. 11.—Secretary of the Treasury Glass and Postmaster-General Burleson prefer the time-honored horse-drawn vehicle to the automobile.

In deference to their wishes the house appropriation committee amended the legislative bill today so as to provide carriages for their personal use instead of automobiles which will be furnished other members of the cabinet.

FOOD BILL TO RECEIVE IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

Washington, Jan. 11.—The house rules committee has reversed itself and ordered an immediate consideration of the European food relief bill.

ALLIES MAY GIVE THE RUSSIANS A LOOK-IN

Paris, Jan. 11.—It is understood that negotiations are afoot between the allies, looking to the possible representation of all parties in Russia at the peace congress, conditional on a truce being declared between the factions during the negotiations.